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# Sunny Ridge GLADIOLUS

THE GLADIOLUS  
BREEDERS' SOCIETY  
★ APR 24 1936 ★

U. S. Department of Agriculture.



Price List  
1935-1936

K. K. MILLS  
WASHINGTON, CONN.

Telephone: 74-5



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**Directions for reaching SUNNY RIDGE will  
be found on page 12.**

## Gladiolus History

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All flower and garden lovers are turning their attention to the wonderous beauty of the gladiolus. The gladiolus have improved since grandmother's day.

Most of the wild species hail from northern Africa, a few from southern Europe. The Grandavensis was the first type introduced for garden use as a result of hybridizing the wild species. It originated at Ghent, Belgium in 1837, and was characterized by many flowers set closely along the spike, by its scarlet color, striped effect and late flowering. The next step forward was the Brenchleyensis produced in England in 1848, and named for the town of Brenchley, and a bright vermillion scarlet in color. Victor Lemoine, in 1885, introduced the lemoine or butterfly flowered type. These are characterized by flowers having conspicuous throat markings or blotches, which are seen in many varieties today such as Mrs. Frank Pendleton. A few years later, in 1889, Lemoine introduced another great race, the Nancianus, noted for its larger and more wide open flowers. It is from these four types that most of our later types have descended, by crossing varieties of these with each other or with the wild species.

A fine race was produced in Germany by Max Leichtlin. They were the first of the modern type of gladiolus. The stock was brought to this country by Hallock & Sons of Long Island. Some years later the entire stock was purchased by the late John Lewis Childs. One of the most famous varieties, America, was for many years a leader among gladiolus.

One of the first Americans to become interested in the gladiolus was H. H. Groff, of Canada, who developed a wonderful strain of hybrids. These were grown and distributed by Arthur Cowee of Berlin, N. Y. In 1907,

A. E. Kunderd of Goshen, Ind., introduced the variety Kunderdi Glory, with ruffled petals, the first distinctly different type to be originated in America. Many varieties of the



One of the Sunny Ridge Gladiolus Fields

ruffled or glory type have been introduced by Kunderd and other hybridizers. Up until this time gladiolus growers had given all of their attention to securing larger and more finely colored flowers. Yellow and orange shades were lacking, however, and to get these the primulinus was drawn upon. It was discovered in 1887 and was known as the Maid-of-Mist gladiolus because where it grew it was continually covered with spray and mist from the great Zambezi Falls. Its distinct curved hood served to protect its stamens and pistol from the soaking spray. They were used by hybridizers to produce the type, primulinus hybrids. They bloom early and are greatly valued for floral decoration. Alice Tiplady is still one of the most popular "Prims". The continued crossing and re-crossing of Primulinus hybrids with the larger flowered types has brought into existence the Grandiflorus or large flowered Primulinus. Many of the fine new varieties are of this type.

Another new type, introduced by Kunderd in 1923, having lacinated or fringed petals is called Lacinatus. There are only a few varieties of this type and they are still scarce and high in price. Lacinatus was first offered at \$1000 per bulb.

At the present time there are many hundreds of varieties for the glad fan to choose from. The beautiful delicate shades of pink and lavender are not found in any other of our common flowers except the sweet pea which is often very difficult to grow. By visiting a gladiolus garden when the flowers are in full bloom during August and September, the various varieties may be studied at first hand. Here at Sunny Ridge we endeavor to grow about a hundred of the best varieties; adding new ones as they prove their merit and dropping old varieties as they become obsolete. By a proper choice of varieties you may have cut flowers from early August until frost, a six to eight weeks period. The gladiolus is truly a most satisfactory flower.

K. K. MILLS

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## Growing the Glads

The gladiolus is of the easiest culture, the flower for everybody. The most satisfactory place for the glad patch is in the vegetable garden, away from the competition of the heavy growth of shrubs and perennials. Any good garden soil is suitable, but a gravelly or light soil is better than a heavy clay. A sunny situation is essential; gladiolus do not do well in the shade. Heavy fertilization is not necessary and in many cases may do positive harm. Bone meal is a good safe fertilizer to use, one-half pound per square yard of ground. Barnyard manure, if used, should be well rotted. The best time to apply it would be in the fall or at least several weeks before the bulbs are planted. The best depth for planting is 4 to 5 inches. We plant a double row in each furrow, the bulbs are staggered and spaced two or three inches apart. Small bulbs (1 inch diameter or less) can be planted shallower and closer together. When the glads come up out of the ground, start weeding and cultivating, water in dry weather. The better you attend to this, the better the results. The thrip sometimes gives trouble. This is a small insect much like a chicken wing louse; the adults are black and the young are yellowish. This pest causes the leaves to become silvery in appearance. The flower buds dry up and never blossom. The following spray is effective:-

- 2      lbs. brown sugar
- 1 ½    pints dark molasses
- 2      tablespoons Paris Green  
              or Arsenate of Lead
- 3      gallons of water

Put this spray on in a fine mist.

Another new spray said to be very effective is Rototox obtained from the Rototox Company, 813 Yale Street, East Williston, New York.

When the glads are ready to bloom, they may be hill'd up much like beans or potatoes. This is an aid in keeping



The author in the Glads

the plants from falling over. The deep planting recommended above also helps to hold the plants upright.

Flowers, when cut, should be removed so as to leave at least three or four leaves on the plant.

In the late summer or fall (before November 1st) the bulbs should be dug, separated from the tops, and cleaned. Cleaning consists in removing the mummy like old bulb and separate the new bulbs and bulblets. Store in a warm dry place for about three weeks. At this time scatter naphthalene flakes over the bulbs and cover with paper to confine the fumes. This is to kill thrips. After three weeks shake out the naphthalene flakes and store the bulbs in a cool dry place (32 to 40 degrees F.). The container should allow a free circulation of air about the bulbs.

The gladiolus is really very easy to grow. Just a few simple operations performed at the right time will reward you with some really fine glad flowers. Grow them and enjoy one of the finest cut flowers that brightens the garden. The modern gladiolus is going places; watch and grow them.

K. K. MILLS

# Gladiolus Price List 1935

**IMPORTANT:-** All bulbs are blooming size, one and one-quarter inches in diameter at least, or larger.

**PRICES** are postpaid within the U. S. A. on all orders of \$2.00 or more. No single item for less than 25 cents. Orders of 6 bulbs of one variety are charged for at the dozen rate; less than 6 at one tenth the dozen rate per bulb.

	<b>Per Doz.</b>
<b>Albania</b> White, inexpensive old favorite .....	\$.50
<b>Albatross</b> Large white, one of the best new whites	1.00
<b>Aflame</b> Tall, flame color, outstanding .....	.50
<b>Aida</b> Deep blue, good healthy blue .....	.50
<b>Alice Tiplady</b> Saffron-orange, early prim .....	.50
<b>Anna Eberius</b> Cerise, med. height .....	.50
<b>A. V. Bunce</b> Orange-yellow, tall .....	.50
<b>Bagdad</b> Smkey old rose, large .....	1.50
<b>Betty Nuthall</b> Orange-salmon, tall, very late .....	.50
<b>Bengal Tiger</b> Smokey salmon, large striped .....	.50
<b>Berty Snow</b> Lavender, strong healthy grower .....	.50
<b>Bleeding Heart</b> Pale pink with red blotch .....	1.00
<b>Blue Danube</b> Beautiful amethyst blue .....	1.50
<b>Blue Isle</b> Lilac blue, red blotch .....	1.50
<b>Blue Triumphant</b> Light blue, purple blotch .....	1.50
<b>Carmenia</b> Carmine crimson, white throat .....	3.50
<b>Catalina</b> Rose pink, yellow blotch .....	.50
<b>Charlemagne</b> Reddish, cream blotch .....	.60
<b>Charles Dickens</b> Cerise, tall fine .....	.50
<b>Commander Koehl</b> Deep red, tall, very good .....	1.00
<b>Coronado</b> White, purple blotch .....	1.00
<b>Coronation</b> Light salmon, creamy throat .....	3.50
<b>Coryphee</b> Beautiful soft pink .....	.85
<b>Crinkles</b> Dark rose, small ruffled .....	.75
<b>Crimson Glow</b> Crimson, cut flowers .....	.50
<b>Dorothy McKibbon</b> Apple blossom pink .....	.75
<b>Dr. F. E. Bennett</b> Fiery red, good .....	.50
<b>Dr. Nelson Shook</b> Deep tyrian rose .....	.60
<b>Dr. Moody</b> Lavender, large, early .....	.50
<b>Duna</b> Light pinky buff .....	3.50
<b>Ecstasy</b> Cherry red, blotches, odd .....	.75
<b>Edith Robson</b> Salmon, red blotch, tall and strong	2.50
<b>Eighth Wonder</b> Smokey old rose .....	.85

	Per Doz.
<b>Ethelyn</b> Orange-yellow .....	.50
<b>Fred. Christ</b> LaFrance pink, canary throat .....	1.50
<b>Gertrude Grey</b> Satin-gray .....	4.00
<b>Giant Nymph</b> Rose pink, large and tall .....	.50
<b>Giant White</b> White, lily-like appearance .....	.60
<b>Gloriana</b> Salmon, yellow throat, very fine .....	.50
<b>Golden Dream</b> Deep yellow, tall .....	.50
<b>Golden Frill</b> Daffodil-yellow .....	.50
<b>Golden Measure</b> Cream yellow .....	.50
<b>Henry Ford</b> Cerise, opposite flowered .....	.50
<b>Herada</b> Mauve .....	.50
<b>Immensity</b> Salmon, red rose pencil, large .....	.50
<b>Iwa</b> Rose pink, deeper blotch, tall and straight ....	.65
<b>Joerg's White</b> Large white, yellow in throat .....	.65
<b>J. T. Pirie</b> Mahogany brown with yellow, unusual .....	.50
<b>Jubilee</b> Large lavender, large flowers .....	1.50
<b>Kunderds Yellow Favorite</b> Yellow, brownish purple feathering in throat .....	.50
<b>Kunderds Yellow Wonder</b> Buttercup yellow .....	.50
<b>La Paloma</b> Rich orange, large, very fine .....	.75
<b>Lavender Bride</b> Smokey lavender, very pretty ....	.85
<b>Longfellow</b> LaFrance pink, tall, good .....	.65
<b>Lullaby</b> Orange yellow, odd .....	1.00
<b>Maidens Blush</b> Light pink, early .....	.50
<b>Mammouth White</b> Immense pure white .....	\$1.00
<b>Marmora</b> Mauve, very large, very finest .....	.65
<b>Marnia</b> Golden orange, striking .....	.50
<b>Mary Frey</b> Lavender pink, ruby blotch .....	.50
<b>Milkmaid</b> White with mauve feather .....	2.00
<b>Ming Toy</b> Buff yellow .....	.75
<b>Mr. Wm. Cuthbertson</b> White with delicate rose pink at ruffled edges .....	1.50
<b>Mrs. F. C. Hornberger</b> Ruffled white .....	.50
<b>Mrs. F. C. Peters</b> Rose lilac, tall and vigorous .....	.50
<b>Mrs. Francis King</b> Jasper red, feathered scarlet ....	50
<b>Mrs. Frank Pendleton</b> Shell pink, showy crimson blotch, tall .....	.50
<b>Mrs. T. E. Langford</b> Peaches and cream .....	1.80
<b>Mrs. Leon Douglas</b> Begonia rose, striped scarlet ..	.50
<b>Mrs. Malthouse</b> Light mauve on a white ground ..	5.00
<b>Mrs. W. H. Phipps</b> Flesh pink, large, very beautiful .....	.50
<b>Mrs. Von Konynenburg</b> Aniline blue .....	.50
<b>Minute</b> Lavender, very finest .....	.75

	Per Doz.
<b>Mother Machree</b>	Vinaceous lavender, smokey type 1.00
<b>Nancy Hanks</b>	Orange pink, good for cut flowers .50
<b>Natalie</b>	Orange salmon .75
<b>Netherland Prince</b>	Bright salmon, tall and large 1.80
<b>Orange Glory</b>	Orange salmon, strong grower .60
<b>Gsalin</b>	Coral pink, very beautiful cut flowers .50
<b>Our Selection</b>	Salmon-red, flecked deeper .75
<b>Pelegrina</b>	Best deep blue 2.50
<b>Persia</b>	Dark maroon, almost black .50
<b>Pfitzers Triumph</b>	Orange salmon, fine when well grown .75
<b>Picardy</b>	Shrimp pink, the wonder glad 1.00
<b>Poquasset</b>	Burned orange, Sunny Ridge variety 35.00
<b>Primrose Princess</b>	Primrose yellow, large .50
<b>Purple Glory</b>	Velvety maroon, large ruffled .50
<b>Red Copper</b>	Salmon rose, flaked Indian lake .60
<b>Red Lory</b>	Carmine rose, reddish blotches 2.00
<b>Richard Diener</b>	Geranium pink, yellow throat .60
<b>Royal Lavender</b>	Deep lavender, good grower .75
<b>Rozan</b>	Delicate rose pink, large 1.00
<b>Ruffled Gold</b>	Canary yellow, rose feather 1.00
<b>Salmon Buff</b>	Salmon buff .50
<b>Saraband</b>	Velvety bordeaux, yellow blotches .50
<b>Souvenir</b>	Deep yellow, early prim. hybrid .50
<b>Sovereign</b>	Deep blue, later than Aida .65
<b>Sunnymede</b>	Orange yellow, red blotch .50
<b>Tangerine</b>	Large glowing orange 3.00
<b>Toberson</b>	Good yellow 1.50
<b>Topaz</b>	Salmon pink .50
<b>Tycko Zang</b>	Salmon pink .60
<b>Vanity Fair</b>	Rose pink, deeper throat blotch, tall and straight .50
<b>Vaughan's White</b>	White, cream throat .60
<b>Veilchenblau</b>	Violet blue .75
<b>Wasaga</b>	Clear buff, prim. grand. 3.50
<b>Wotan</b>	Rose pink, crimson blotch .75
<b>Wurtembergia</b>	Red with white throat, large and tall 1.50
<b>Youell's Favorite</b>	Lavender pink .75

## **Wholesale List**

**Albania** (white), **A. V. Bunce**, (orange yellow),  
**Betty Nuthall** (orange salmon), **Crimson Glow** (crimson)  
**Mrs. Hornberger** (ruffled white),  
**Yellow Wonder** (yellow), **Yellow Favorite** (yellow)

**50 for \$1.00**

**100 for \$2.00**

**500 for \$8.00**

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## **CUT FLOWERS IN SEASON**

During the months of

**AUGUST and SEPTEMBER**

**One Dozen..... . . . . . \$ .60**

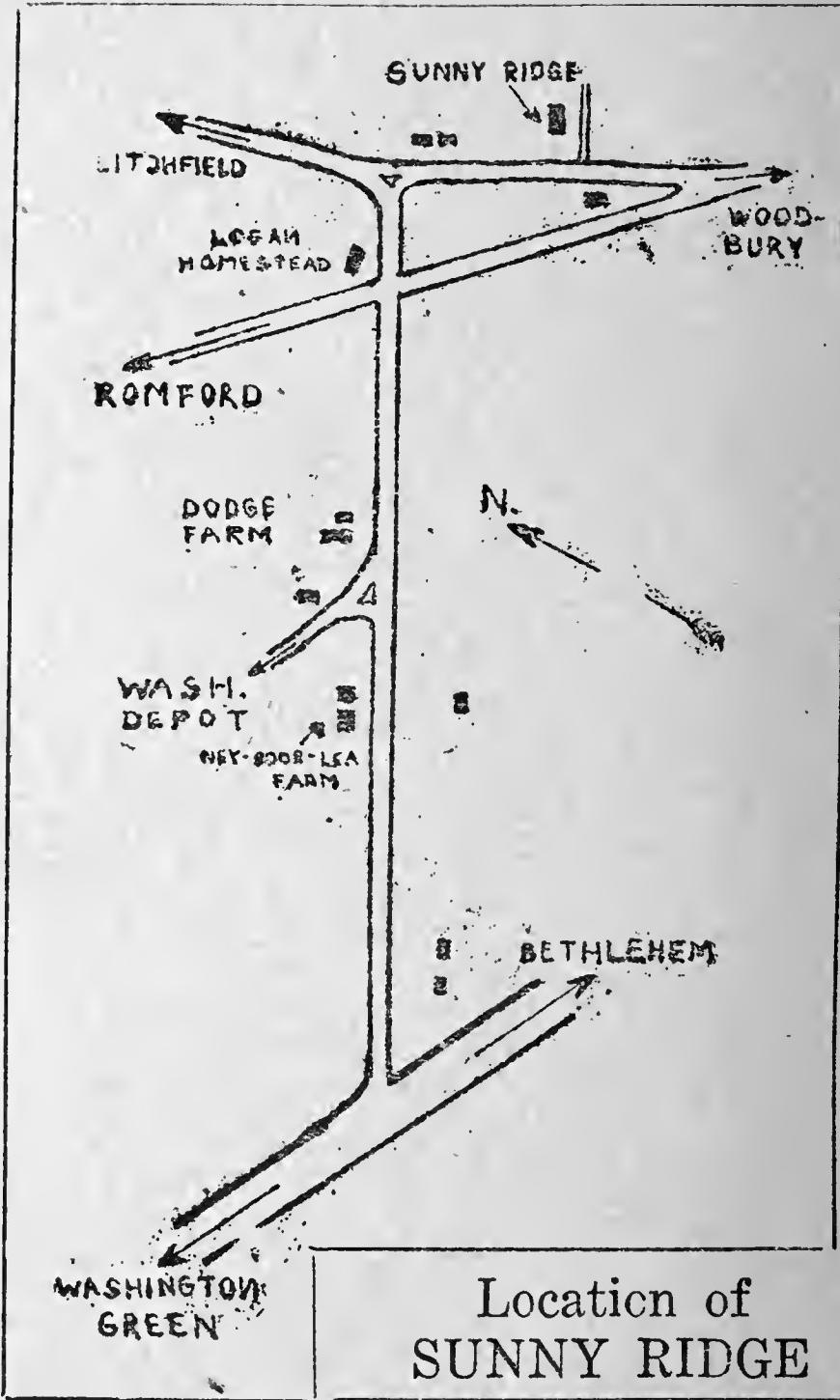
**Two Dozen..... . . . . . 1.00**

## **PHEASANTS CHINESE RINGNECK**

While they last, during November and December,.....\$ 1.75 per bird, dressed for table use.

## **HONEY**

Gathered by our own bees, right here in the Litchfield Hills. Put up in glass jars and 5 lb. pails.



## Location of SUNNY RIDGE

Take old Litchfield Road out of Washington Green as far as mail box marked PELTON 30, (two and a half miles), turn right, drive about 500 feet, SUNNY RIDGE at left side of the road.



The Washington Printery